Federal Compliance Audit

County of York, Maine

June 30, 2022



Proven Expertise & Integrity

CONTENTS

JUNE 30, 2022

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 - 4
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5 - 12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT A - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	13 - 14
STATEMENT B - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	15 - 16
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT C - BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	17
STATEMENT D - RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	18
STATEMENT E - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	19
STATEMENT F - RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	20
STATEMENT G - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	21
STATEMENT H - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS	22
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	23 - 59
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	60

SCHEDULE 1 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND					
SCHEDULE 2 - SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET)	63				
SCHEDULE 3 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION	64				
SCHEDULE 4 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY	65				
SCHEDULE 5 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	66				
SCHEDULE 6 - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB	67				
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	68				
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION					
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	69				
SCHEDULE A - SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND	70 - 74				
SCHEDULE B - COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	75				
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE					
FEDERAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION DESCRIPTION	76				
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	77				
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	78				
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	79 - 80				
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE	81 - 83				
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	84				



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Commissioners County of York Alfred, Maine

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of York, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of York, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of York, Maine as of June 30, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of York, Maine and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of York, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of York, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise doubt about the County of York, Maine's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information on pages 5 through 12 and 61 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of York, Maine's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures,

including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2023, on our consideration of the County of York, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of York, Maine's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of York, Maine's internal control over financial reporting on the effectivenest over financial reporting and compliance.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine March 28, 2023

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

(UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the County of York, Maine's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

Financial Statement Overview

The County of York's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the County's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the County's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have one column for the County's type of activity. The type of activity presented for the County of York is:

Governmental activities - The activities in this section are mostly • supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the County's basic services are reported in governmental commissioners/governing activities. which include body, management/administration, facilities repair and maintenance, treasurer, sheriff's/police district attornev. deeds. probate, services. communications/dispatch, EMA, juvenile fire prevention, retirement benefits, medical and dental insurance, public agencies, jail, special projects and reserves and unclassified.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of York, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County of York can be divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: All of the basic services provided by the County are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the County.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement. The County of York presents six columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County's major governmental funds are the general fund, jail fund, deeds preservation fund, Layman's Way fund and ARPA grant fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the County legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget for the general fund and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pension, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the County's governmental activities. The County's total net position increased by \$20,711,837 from \$43,253,900 to \$63,965,737.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$8,552,368 at the end of this year.

Table 1 County of York, Maine Net Position June 30,

	2022	2021 (Restated)
Assets:		
Current Assets	\$ 53,414,259	\$ 34,112,412
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets	16,119,850	16,302,129
Other	289,193	-
Total Assets	69,823,302	50,414,541
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Deferred Amount on OPEB	333,055	425,728
Deferred Amount on Pensions	1,838,748	1,060,797
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,171,803	1,486,525
Liabilities: Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	2,274,676 1,408,824 3,683,500	2,865,340 5,310,754 8,176,094
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Deferred Amount on OPEB	191,053	45,250
Deferred Amount on Pensions	4,154,815	425,822
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,345,868	471,072
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,119,850	15,402,129
Restricted	39,293,519	21,293,657
Unrestricted	8,552,368	6,558,114
Total Net Position	\$ 63,965,737	\$ 43,253,900

Table 2County of York, MaineChange in Net PositionFor the Years Ended June 30,

	2022	2021
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 4,251,975	\$ 4,395,958
Operating grants and contributions	26,751,611	25,002,461
General revenues:		
Taxes	18,130,534	17,972,861
Investment income	134,575	95,049
Miscellaneous revenues	753,463	280,604
Total Revenues	50,022,158	47,746,933
Expenses		
Commissioners/governing body	66,034	63,269
Management/administration	1,177,130	1,000,363
Facilities repair and maintenance	593,702	638,747
Treasurer	594	580
District attorney	1,486,235	1,433,095
Deeds	589,814	565,664
Probate	589,857	568,526
Sheriff's/police services	3,155,993	3,237,239
Communications/dispatch	668,393	658,112
EMA	1,678,204	991,047
Juvenile fire prevention	30,298	27,442
Retirement benefits	(367,269)	547,006
Medical and dental insurance	1,110,035	1,066,282
Public agencies	128,700	128,700
Jail	11,977,028	10,656,727
Special projects and reserves	6,366,452	3,437,483
Unclassified	32,746	238,913
Contingency	8,600	
Interest on long-term debt	17,775	31,338
Total Expenses	29,310,321	25,290,533
Change in Net Position	20,711,837	22,456,400
Net Position - July 1, Restated	43,253,900	20,797,500
Net Position - June 30	\$ 63,965,737	\$ 43,253,900

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues for the year ending June 30, 2022 increased over the previous year by 4.77%. All revenue items with the exception of charges for services increased over the prior year. Expenses increased from the prior year by 15.89%. All expense categories saw increases over the previous year with the exception of facilities repair and maintenance, sheriff's/police services, retirement benefits, unclassified and interest on long-term debt.

Financial Analysis of the County's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3 County of York, Maine Fund Balances - Governmental Funds June 30,

		2022		2021		Increase/ Decrease)
General Fund:	~	04 440	~		•	00.040
Nonspendable	\$	94,410	\$	55,568	\$	38,842
Committed		1,566,651		1,634,999		(68,348)
Assigned		3,584,471		2,777,223		807,248
Unassigned		3,114,415		3,023,810		90,605
Total General Fund	\$	8,359,947	\$	7,491,600	\$	868,347
Jail Fund: Nonspendable	\$	12,213	\$	_	\$	12,213
Committed	Ψ	170,016	Ψ	170,016	Ψ	
Assigned		1,821,576		1,533,936		287,640
Unassigned		1,517,479		1,606,490		(89,011)
Deeds Preservation:		.,•,		1,000,100		(00,011)
Restricted		634,949		599,128		35,821
Layman's Way:		·		·		,
Assigned		104,073		116,021		(11,948)
ARPA Grant Fund:		·		·		
Restricted		37,986,220		20,165,915		17,820,305
Total Other Major Funds	\$	42,246,526	\$	24,191,506	\$	18,055,020
Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:		;;		<u>, </u>	<u>, </u>	
Restricted	\$	672,350	\$	528,614	\$	143,736
Unassigned		(12,989)		(250,671)		237,682
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	659,361	\$	277,943	\$	381,418
					_	

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund, jail fund, deeds preservation fund, layman's way fund, ARPA grant funds and the nonmajor special revenue funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original and final budget for the general fund was amounts utilized from assigned and/or committed fund balance.

Actual revenues were over the general fund budget by \$2,545,589. This was the result of all revenue categories being receipted at or in excess of budgeted amounts with the exception of transfers from other funds.

General fund actual expenditures were over budget by \$753,498 for the fiscal year. All expenditure categories were within or under budget with the exception of treasurer, EMA, medical and dental insurance, unclassified and debt service - principal. The overspent items are disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the County decreased by \$182,279 from the prior fiscal year. This was due to capital additions of \$1,199,092 less net disposals of \$29,619 and current year depreciation expense of \$1,351,752. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

Table 4 County of York, Maine Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	2022	2021 (Restated)
Land	\$ 741,856	\$ 741,856
Art work and historical treasures	1,042,366	1,042,366
Construction in progress	-	27,110
Buildings and building improvements	12,745,180	13,028,544
Land improvements	4,017	4,304
Furniture and fixtures	100,974	92,650
Machinery and equipment	518,205	345,876
Vehicles	967,252	1,019,423
Total	\$ 16,119,850	\$ 16,302,129

Debt

At June 30, 2022, the County had \$0 in bonds outstanding versus \$900,000 last year. This was a decrease of \$900,000. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Currently, the County's unassigned fund balance is within the criteria of their fund balance policy. It has increased to \$3,114,415 for the year ended June 30, 2022 from \$3,023,810 for the same period in 2021. The County continues to maintain reserve accounts for future capital and program needs.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County's Finance Department at 45 Kennebunk Road, Alfred, Maine 04002.

STATEMENT A

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,979,529
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		3,288,713
Inventory		1,746
Prepaid items		104,877
Total current assets		53,414,259
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land, infrastructure and other assets not being depreciated Buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation Net pension asset Total noncurrent assets		1,784,222 14,335,628 289,193 16,409,043
TOTAL ASSETS		69,823,302
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		333,055
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,838,748
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,171,803
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	71,995,105

STATEMENT A (CONTINUED)

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	1,803,257
Accrued payroll		155,978
Due to other governments		180,815
Accrued payroll liabilities		8,375
Current portion of long-term obligations		126,251
Total current liabilities		2,274,676
Noncurrent liabilities: Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations: Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities		715,424 693,400 1,408,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,683,500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		191,053
Deferred inflows related to pensions		4,154,815
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,345,868
NET POSITION Net Investment in capital assets Restricted		16,119,850 39,293,519
Unrestricted		8,552,368
TOTAL NET POSITION		63,965,737
		00,000,101
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$	71,995,105

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Prog	gram Revenue	s		Re	Net (Expense) venue and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs		Expenses				Charges for Services		•		0		Grants and	Capital Grants and Contributions		Total Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:																
Commissioners/governing body	\$	66,034	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(66,034)						
Management/administration		1,177,130		50,000		-		-		(1,127,130)						
Facilities repair and maintenance		593,702		-		-		-		(593,702)						
Treasurer		594		-		-		-		(594)						
District attorney		1,486,235		-		-		-		(1,486,235)						
Deeds		589,814		3,229,871		-		-		2,640,057						
Probate		589,857		601,680		-		-		11,823						
Sheriff's/police services		3,155,993		9,355		-		-		(3,146,638)						
Communications/dispatch		668,393		-		-		-		(668,393)						
EMA		1,678,204		-		-		-		(1,678,204)						
York County juvenile fire prevention		30,298		-		-		-		(30,298)						
Retirement benefits*		(367,269)		-		-		-		367,269						
Medical and dental insurance*		1,110,035		-		-		-		(1,110,035)						
Public agencies		128,700		-		-		-		(128,700)						
Unclassified		32,746		-		-		-		(32,746)						
Contingency		8,600		-		-		-		(8,600)						
Jail		11,977,028		-		2,163,433		-		(9,813,595)						
Special projects and reserves		6,366,452		361,069		2,702,829		-		(3,302,554)						
Interest on long-term debt and tax anticipation note		17,775		-		-		-		(17,775)						
Total governmental activities	\$	29,310,321	\$	4,251,975	\$	4,866,262	\$	-		(20,192,084)						

* Refer to Note 7 in Notes to Financial Statements for more detail.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities
Changes in net position:		
Net (expense) revenue		(20,192,084)
General revenues:		
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		18,130,534
Intergovernmental revenue		21,885,349
Investment income		134,575
Other		667,092
Transfers		86,371
Total general revenues		40,903,921
Change in net position		20,711,837
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED		43,253,900
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	63,965,737

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Jail Fund		Deeds Preservation Fund		Preservation		Preservation		Preservation Layman's				ayman's Grant		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS																		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of	\$ 49,198,345	\$-	\$	672,428	\$	-	\$-	\$	108,756	\$ 49,979,529								
allowance for uncollectibles)	1,534,507	129,784		-		-	133,940		1,490,482	3,288,713								
Deferred expenses	-	-		-		-	-		39,394	39,394								
Inventory	1,746	-		-		-	-		-	1,746								
Prepaid items	92,664	12,213		-		-	-		-	104,877								
Due from other funds		3,566,038		-		118,212	37,990,725		507,649	42,182,624								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 50,827,262	\$ 3,708,035	\$	672,428	\$	118,212	\$ 38,124,665	\$	2,146,281	\$ 95,596,883								
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,429,624	\$ 123,646	\$	-	\$	14,139	\$ 138,445	\$	97,403	\$ 1,803,257								
Accrued payroll	92,873	63,105	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	-	Ŧ	-	155,978								
Due to other governments	180,815	-		_		-	-		-	180,815								
Payroll related liabilities	8,375	-		-		_	-		-	8,375								
Due to other funds	40,755,628	-		37,479		_	-		1,389,517	42,182,624								
TOTAL LIABILITIES	42,467,315	186,751		37,479		14,139	138,445		1,486,920	44,331,049								
FUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable	94,410	12,213		-		_	-		-	106.623								
Restricted	-	-		634,949		-	37,986,220		672,350	39,293,519								
Committed	1,566,651	170,016		· -		-	-		, _	1,736,667								
Assigned	3,584,471	1,821,576		-		104,073	-		-	5,510,120								
Unassigned	3,114,415	1,517,479		-		-	-		(12,989)	4,618,905								
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	8,359,947	3,521,284		634,949		104,073	37,986,220		659,361	51,265,834								
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND																		
BALANCES	\$ 50,827,262	\$ 3,708,035	\$	672,428	\$	118,212	\$ 38,124,665	\$	2,146,281	\$ 95,596,883								
	+ 00,01.,201	+ 0,.00,000	—	<u>_</u> , . <u>_</u> 0	—		+ 00, 12 1,000	-	_, ,	+ 20,000,000								

RECONCILICATION OF THE GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 51,265,834
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	16,119,850
Deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and therefore	
are not reported in the funds	
OPEB	333,055
Pension	1,838,748
Long-term obligations shown below, are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:	(044.675)
Accrued compensated absences	(841,675)
Net OPEB liability	(693,400)
Net pension liability/(asset)	289,193
Deferred inflows of resources are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
OPEB	(191,053)
Pension	(4,154,815)
	(ד, וס,דסו)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 63,965,737

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Jail Fund	Deeds Preservation Fund	Layman's Way	ARPA Grant Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 18,130,534	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 18,130,534	
Charges for services	3,890,906	-	-	-	-	361,069	4,251,975	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,552,187	2,163,433	167,247	-	20,165,915	2,702,829	26,751,611	
Miscellaneous revenues	237,496	504,450	2,637	-	-	57,084	801,667	
TOTAL REVENUES	23,811,123	2,667,883	169,884		20,165,915	3,120,982	49,935,787	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Commissioners/governing body	66,034	-	-	-	-	-	66,034	
Management/administration	1,063,482	-	-	-	-	-	1,063,482	
Facilities repair and maintenance	505,330	-	-	-	-	-	505,330	
Treasurer	594	-	-	-	-	-	594	
District attorney	1,483,082	-	-	-	-	-	1,483,082	
Deeds	593,021	-	-	-	-	-	593,021	
Probate	607,305	-	-	-	-	-	607,305	
Sheriff's/police services	3,121,564		-	-	-	-	3,121,564	
Communications/dispatch	668,393		-	-	-	-	668,393	
EMA	1,738,590	-	-	-	-	-	1,738,590	
York County juvenile fire prevention	30,298	-	-	-	-	-	30,298	
Retirement benefits	529,567	-	-	-	-	-	529,567	
Medical and dental insurance	984,360	-	-	-	-	-	984,360	
Public agencies	128,700	-	-	-	-	-	128,700	
Unclassified	32,746	-	-	-	-	-	32,746	
Contingency	8,600	-	-	-	-	-	8,600	
Program expenditures	-	11,147,432	134,063	969,748	2,345,610	2,917,031	17,513,884	
Debt service:		11,111,102	101,000	000,110	2,010,010	2,011,001	17,010,001	
Principal	600,000	300,000	_	_	_	_	900,000	
Interest	17,775	000,000	_	_	_	_	17,775	
Capital outlay	637,677		_	_	_	_	637,677	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,817,118	11,447,432	134,063	969,748	2,345,610	2,917,031	30,631,002	
	12,017,110	11,177,172	104,000	303,740	2,0+0,010	2,017,001	00,001,002	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,994,005	(8,779,549)	35,821	(969,748)	17,820,305	203,951	19,304,785	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	4,200	8,994,591	-	957,800	-	177,467	10,134,058	
Transfers (out)	(10,129,858)	(4,200)	-	· -	-	-	(10,134,058)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(10,125,658)	8,990,391		957,800		177,467		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	868,347	210,842	35,821	(11,948)	17,820,305	381,418	19,304,785	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	7,491,600	3,310,442	599,128	116,021	20,165,915	277,943	31,961,049	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 8,359,947	\$ 3,521,284	\$ 634,949	\$ 104,073	\$ 37,986,220	\$ 659,361	\$ 51,265,834	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E) \$ 19,304,785

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset acquisitions	1,199,092
Capital asset disposals, net Depreciation expense	(29,619) (1,351,752)
Depreciation expense	(182,279)
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
OPEB	(92,673)
Pension	777,951
	685,278
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	900,000
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	(81,830)
Net OPEB liability	112,801
Net pension liability/(asset)	3,847,878
	3,878,849
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
OPEB	(145,803)
Pension	(3,728,993)
	(3,874,796)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 20,711,837

STATEMENT G

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds								
	Ве	Inmate nefit Fund	Inmate Cash		Work Release		District Attorney			Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable TOTAL ASSETS	\$	434,786 - 434,786	\$ \$	58,235 - 58,235	\$	5,022 - 5,022	\$	28,393 133,910 162,303	\$	526,436 133,910 660,346
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	434,786 434,786	\$	58,235 58,235	\$	5,022 5,022	\$	162,303 162,303	\$	660,346 660,346

STATEMENT H

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Funds Inmate Inmate Work District									
	Benefit Fund		Cash		Release		Attorney		Total	
ADDITIONS Investment earnings:										
Interest	\$	1,622	\$	6	\$	3	\$	16	\$	1,647
Other		161,499		436,426		-		134,171		732,096
Total additions		163,121		436,432		3		134,187		733,743
DEDUCTIONS Other Total deductions		<u>199,646</u> 199,646		<u>420,365</u> 420,365				<u>136,025</u> 136,025		756,036
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(36,525)		16,067		3		(1,838)		(22,293)
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED		471,311		42,168		5,019		164,141		682,639
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	434,786	\$	58,235	\$	5,022	\$	162,303	\$	660,346

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The County of York was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The County provides the following services: commissioners/governing body, management/administration, facilities repair and maintenance, treasurer, district attorney, deeds, probate, sheriff's/police services, communications/dispatch, EMA, juvenile fire prevention, retirement benefits, medical and dental insurance, public agencies, jail, special projects and reserves and unclassified.

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The County's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the County. We have determined that the County has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 87 "Leases". The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements,* which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations". The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and improving required note disclosures. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 92 "Omnibus 2020". The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (paragraphs 13-14)". The primary objectives of paragraphs 13-14 concern provisions of lease contracts that are amended while the contract is in effect. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 97 "*Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*". The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The County's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental. The County categorizes all activities as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the County's functions (general government services, courts, jail, sheriff, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The County does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in the County's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the County:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the County:

Major Funds

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Jail Fund is used to account for the operations of the York County Jail. Revenue sources are primarily from the transfer of tax revenue from the general fund and other intergovernmental revenues.
- c. The Deeds Preservation Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Revenue sources include intergovernmental revenues.
- d. The Layman's Way Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Revenue sources are from transfers from the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

e. The ARPA Grant Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Revenues sources include intergovernmental revenues.

Nonmajor Fund

f. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support County programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (custodial). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third-party (other local governments, private-parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in governmental activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budget</u>

The annual budget is the financial plan for the operation of the County of York, Maine for the ensuing annual period. The budget process provides for a professional management approach to the establishment of priorities and implementation of work programs while providing an orderly means for control and evaluation of the financial posture of the government.

The County Commissioners submit itemized financial estimates in the form of a budget to the budget committee no later than sixty days before the end of the County's fiscal year. The budget committee reviews the itemized estimated budget prepared by the County commissioners, together with any supplementary material prepared by the head of each County department or provided by an independent board or institution or another governmental agency.

The budget committee reviews the proposed budget and may increase, decrease or alter the estimated budget based on certain guidelines or restrictions. Statutes require the budget committee to hold a public hearing in the County on the proposed budget before the end of the County's fiscal year and before the final adoption of the budget.

After the public hearing is completed, the budget committee adopts a final budget and transmits that budget to the County Commissioners. The County Commissioners may not further increase, decrease, alter or revise the budget adopted by the budget committee, except by unanimous vote of the County Commissioners. If the adopted

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

budget is changed by the County Commissioners; the budget committee may reject that change by a 2/3 vote of its membership. Those actions are final and are not subject to further action by either the County Commissioners or the budget committee.

An annual budget is adopted for the general fund and jail fund. No budgets are officially adopted for the special revenue funds, although budgets are generally prepared as part of the oversight procedures in regards to these funds.

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the County's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the County's investments are reported at amortized cost. The County Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The County of York's investment policy does not conflict with the State of Maine Statutes. The policy is comprehensive and is applicable to all County funds.

<u>Receivables</u>

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2022. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$3,288,713 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase and are not included in the general fund balance sheet, with the exception of certain products bought in bulk. Inventories are valued and recorded at cost which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Certain insurance and other payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds (if applicable).

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets are reported at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values. Records and books preservation have been capitalized as art and historical items. These items are categorized as non-depreciable assets as they are considered inexhaustible.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. The County has no recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Infrastructure	50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 50 years
Vehicles	3 - 25 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of accrued compensated absences, net OPEB liability and net pension liability/(asset).

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

<u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan and additions to/deductions from the PLD Consolidated Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PLD Consolidated Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), which determined the County's fiduciary net position as a single employer defined benefit plan based on information provided solely by MMEHT to complete the actuarial report. Additions to/deductions from the MMEHT OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MMEHT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Net Position</u>

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investments in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County Commissioners. Please refer to the budgeting process for the authority for committing items within the budget.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the County Commissioners.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund and jail fund are the only funds that can report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the County Commissioners meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two types of this item, deferred outflows related to OPEB and deferred outflows related to pensions, which arise only under an accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. These items are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows related to OPEB and deferred inflows related to pensions qualify for reporting in this category. These items are reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The County's property tax for the current period was voted on the assessed value for all real and personal property located in the County. Property taxes for the current year budget was and will be carried as receivables for any unpaid balances. The full amount of the current year's assessment will be recognized in the current financial statements.

Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The County does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>

During the preparation of the County's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other States and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all County funds.

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover its deposits. The County does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the County maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2022, the County's cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$50,639,875 were comprised of bank deposits of \$49,504,030. Bank deposits and cash equivalents are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the County's cash and cash equivalents balance. Of these deposits, \$49,119,274 was fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently not exposed to custodial credit risk, \$174,768 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the County's name and \$209,988 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

		Bank	
Account Type	Balance		
Checking accounts Savings accounts Money market accounts ICS accounts	-	576,098 180,841 424,768 18,322,323 19,504,030	

Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Currently, the County does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

At June 30, 2022, the County had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other States and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The County does not have an investment policy on credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables.

	Receivables (Due from)	Payables (Due to)
General fund	\$-	\$ 40,755,628
Jail fund	3,566,038	-
Deeds preservation Fund	-	37,479
Layman's Way fund	118,212	-
ARPA grant fund	37,990,725	-
Nonmajor special revenue funds	507,649	1,389,517
	\$ 42,182,624	\$ 42,182,624

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the County. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The County had the following interfund transfers at June 30, 2022:

	Transfers From	Transfers To
General fund Jail fund	\$ 10,129,858 4,200	\$
Layman's Way fund	-	957,800
Nonmajor special revenue funds	-	177,467
	\$ 10,134,058	\$ 10,134,058

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance, 7/1/21			Balance,
	(Restated)	Additions	Disposals	6/30/22
Governmental activities				
Non-depreciated assets:	ф 7 44 обо		۴	ф 7 44 обо
Land	\$ 741,856	\$-	\$-	\$ 741,856
Art work and historical treasures	1,042,366	-	-	1,042,366
Construction in progress	27,110		(27,110)	
Totals	1,811,332		(27,110)	1,784,222
Depreciated assets:				
Buildings and building improvements	30,572,001	688,334	-	31,260,335
Land improvements	138,149	-	-	138,149
Furniture and fixtures	106,638	17,759	-	124,397
Machinery and equipment	2,061,398	258,339	(7,194)	2,312,543
Vehicles	2,423,583	261,770	(247,336)	2,438,017
	35,301,769	1,226,202	(254,530)	36,273,441
Less accumulated depreciation	(20,810,972)	(1,351,752)	224,911	(21,937,813)
	14,490,797	(125,550)	(29,619)	14,335,628
Net capital assets	\$ 16,302,129	\$ (125,550)	\$ (56,729)	\$ 16,119,850
Current period depreciation:				
EMA				\$ 62,040
Management/Administration				59,730
Courthouse repair and maintenance				123,308
Jail				856,257
Probate				311
District attorney				3,153
Deeds				8,708
Sheriff's/Police services				238,245
				\$ 1,351,752

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	E	Balance, 7/1/21	Ad	ditions	[Deletions	Balance, 6/30/22	Current Year Portion		
Bonds payable	\$	900,000	\$	-	\$	(900,000)	\$ -	\$	-	

All bonds payable and notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the County, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The County is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the County.

NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/21	A	Additions		Deletions		Balance, 6/30/22		Current Year Portion
¢	750 845	¢	81 830	¢		¢	8/1 675	¢	126,251
φ	806,201	φ	68,600	φ	- (181,401)	φ	693,400	φ	- 120,251
	3,558,685		777,951		(4,625,829)		(289,193)		-
\$	5,124,731	\$	928,381	\$	(4,807,230)	\$	1,245,882	\$	126,251
	\$	7/1/21 \$ 759,845 806,201 3,558,685	7/1/21 A \$ 759,845 \$ 806,201 3,558,685	7/1/21 Additions \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 806,201 68,600 3,558,685 777,951	7/1/21 Additions \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ 806,201 \$ 806,201 68,600 \$ 3,558,685 777,951	7/1/21 Additions Deletions \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ - 806,201 68,600 (181,401) 3,558,685 777,951 (4,625,829)	7/1/21 Additions Deletions \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ - \$ \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ - \$ \$ 06,201 68,600 (181,401) 3,558,685 777,951 (4,625,829)	7/1/21 Additions Deletions 6/30/22 \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ - \$ 841,675 \$ 806,201 68,600 (181,401) 693,400 3,558,685 777,951 (4,625,829) (289,193)	Balance, 7/1/21 Additions Deletions Balance, 6/30/22 \$ 759,845 \$ 81,830 \$ - \$ 841,675 \$ 806,201 \$ 81,830 \$ - \$ 841,675 \$ 693,400 3,558,685 777,951 (4,625,829) (289,193) \$

Please see Notes 8, 16 and 18 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16 Accounting for Compensated Absences, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

As of June 30, 2022, the liability for any unpaid compensated absences was \$841,675.

NOTE 9 - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is the calculation of the net investment in capital assets for the County at June 30, 2022:

Invested in capital assets	\$ 38,057,663
Accumulated depreciation	 (21,937,813)
	\$ 16,119,850

NOTE 10 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the County had the following nonspendable fund balances:

General fund:	
Prepaid items	\$ 92,664
Inventory	1,746
Jail fund:	
Prepaid items	12,213
	\$ 106,623

NOTE 11 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the County had the following restricted net position and fund balances:

Deeds preservation	\$ 634,949
ARPA grant fund	37,986,220
Nonmajor special revenue funds:	
Admin/supervision	308,319
Probate preservation	16,494
Jag Byrne grant LLBEG	2,327
Distracted driving	450
Speed enforcement program	152

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Nonmajor special revenue funds:	
K9 grant, Stanton Foundation	2,906
YCSO federal forfeiture	47,354
YCSO property	27,198
State criminal alien assist	61,561
York County operations	53,950
FY '15 HSGP	42,500
Homeland security grants	48,044
Local emergency planning com	18,885
OJP grant	33
YC fire admin	15,087
Seabrook stipend	26,921
Cart donation	169
	\$ 39,293,519

NOTE 12 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the County had the following committed fund balances:

General fund:	
EMA vehicle	\$ 247,017
SO vehicle	139,052
Major capital projects	395,854
Insurance fund	784,728
Jail fund:	
Jail vehicle	 170,016
	\$ 1,736,667

NOTE 13 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2022, the County had the following assigned fund balances:

General fund:	
Capital improvement	\$ 306,838
New government building	503,077
Wellness equipment and programs	42,057
Ergonomics	550
Tech upgrade	172,411
Personnel record storage	455
Employee training and development	27,429

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

General fund:	
Special projects	13,716
Special projects/grant match	1,750,000
EMA/facilities garage	79,953
Payroll liabilities	525,190
Maine200 committee	11,195
Contingency	151,600
Jail fund:	
Capital improvement	1,691,258
Debt payment reserve	130,318
Layman's Way fund	 104,073
	\$ 5,510,120

NOTE 14 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following funds have a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2022:

Nonmajor special revenue funds:	
NAMI peer grounpt	\$ 450
YCSO state forfeiture	1,387
Vaccine center	11,152
	\$ 12,989

Management may be asking the Board of Commissioners in fiscal year 2023 to consider a transfer from the general fund's unassigned fund balance to cover some of these nonmajor special revenue funds deficit fund balances.

NOTE 15 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following expenditures were over appropriations at June 30, 2022:

Treasurer	\$ 32
EMA	1,050,969
Medical and dental insurance	13,906
Unclassified	32,746
Debt service - principal	130,318
	\$ 1,227,971

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

MAINE PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

PARTICIPATING LOCAL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATED PLAN

Plan Description

County employees contribute to the Maine Public Employees Retirement System (MainePERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Maine State Legislature. Title 5 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Participating Local District (PLD) Consolidated Plan's advisory group, which reviews the terms of the plan and periodically makes recommendations to the Legislature to amend the terms. The Maine Public Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Consolidated Plan. That report may be obtained online at www.mainepers.org or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

Benefits Provided

The Maine Public Employees Retirement System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members The System's retirement programs provide defined retirement and beneficiaries. benefits based on members' average final compensation and service credit earned as of retirement. Vesting (i.e., eligibility for benefits upon reaching gualification) occurs upon the earning of five years of service credit (effective October 1, 1999, the prior ten-year requirement was reduced by legislative action to five years for employees of PLDs). In some cases, vesting occurs on the earning of one year of service credit immediately preceding retirement at or after normal retirement age. For PLD members, normal retirement age is 60, 62 or 65. The monthly benefit of members who retire before normal retirement age by virtue of having at least 25 years of service credit is reduced by a statutorily prescribed factor for each year of age that a member is below her/his normal retirement age at retirement. The System also provides disability and death benefits which are established by contract with PLD employers under applicable statutory provisions. As of June 30, 2021, there were 305 employers in the plan.

Upon termination of membership, members' accumulated employee contributions are refundable with interest, credited in accordance with statute. Withdrawal of accumulated contributions results in forfeiture of all benefits and membership rights. The annual rate of interest credited to members' accounts is set by the System's Board of Trustees and is currently 0.93%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Retirement benefits are funded by contributions from members and employers and by earnings on investments. Disability and death benefits are funded by employer normal cost contributions and by investment earnings. All County plan members are required to contribute either 7.05% or 7.80% of their annual covered salary for the AC plan, 9.20% for the 1C plan and 8.50% for 2C plan and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 10.30% of covered payroll for all County employees in plan "AC", 15.20% for law enforcement employees in special plan "1C" (future only from January 1, 2009), 11.30% for corrections officers and certain law enforcement employees in special plan "2C" and 5.0% for PLD retirees returned to work. The contribution rates of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Maine Public Employee Retirement Systems advisory group. The County's contribution to the MainePERS PLD Consolidated Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$671,062.

Pension Liabilities/(Assets)

PLD Consolidated Plan

At June 30, 2022, the County reported an asset of (\$289,193) for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities/(assets) for the plan. The net pension liabilities/(assets) were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liabilities/(assets) used to calculate the net pension liabilities/(assets) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liabilities/(assets) were based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all PLDs, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the County's proportion was 0.899898%, which was an increase of 0.004211% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized pension revenue of \$896,836. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	PLD Plan				
	Defe	rred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	187,074	\$	19,656	
Changes of assumptions		971,088		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	-			3,941,812	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions		9,882		193,347	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		671,062		-	
Total	\$	1,839,105	\$	4,154,815	

\$671,062 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/(asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PLD Plan
Plan year ended June 30:	
2022	\$ (626,773)
2023	(367,351)
2024	(897,297)
2025	(1,095,351)
2026	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability/(asset) for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, the total employer contribution rate consists of two elements: the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) rate.

The individual entry age normal method is used to determine liabilities/(assets). Under the individual entry age normal method, a normal cost rate is calculated for each employee. This rate is determined by taking the value, as of age at entry into the plan, of the member's projected future benefits and dividing it by the value, also as of the member's entry age and the member's expected future salary. The normal cost for each member is the product of the member's pay and their normal cost rate. The normal cost for the group is the sum of the normal costs for all members.

Experience gains and losses, i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities and/or in assets when actual experience differs from the actuarial assumptions, affect the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation employs a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets which reduces the impact of short-term volatility in the market value. The specific technique adopted in this valuation recognizes in a given year one-third of the investment return that is different from the actuarial assumption for investment return.

Amortization

The net pension liability/(asset) of the PLD Consolidated Plan is amortized on a level percentage of payroll using a method where a separate twenty-year closed period is established annually for the gain or loss for that year.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for funding purposes as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return - 6.50% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 6.75% per annum for the year ended June 30, 2020, compounded annually.

Salary Increases, Merit and Inflation - 2.75% to 11.48% per year

Mortality Rates - For the plan, the rates are based on the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, for males and females, projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Cost of Living Benefit Increases - 1.91%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major class of assets. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equities	30.00%	6.00%
US Government	7.50%	2.30%
Private equity	15.00%	7.60%
Real assets:		
Real estate	10.00%	5.20%
Infrastructure	10.00%	5.30%
Natural resources	5.00%	5.00%
Traditional credit	7.50%	3.00%
Alternative credit	5.00%	7.20%
Diversifiers	10.00%	5.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability/(asset) was 6.50% for 2021 for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and non-employer entity contributions will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability/(asset).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following table shows how the collective net pension liability/(asset) as of June 30, 2021 would change if the discount rate used was one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate. The current rate is 6.50% for each of the Plans.

	[1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
<u>PLD Plan:</u> Discount rate		5.50%	 6.50%	 7.50%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	4,115,389	\$ (289,193)	\$ (3,932,364)

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Each employer's share of the collective net pension liability/(asset) is equal to the collective net pension liability/(asset) multiplied by the employer's proportionate share as of June 30, 2021 as shown in the schedules of employer and non-employer contributing entity allocations. Changes in net pension liability/(asset) are recognized in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 with the following exceptions.

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors were recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resource. For 2021 and 2020, this was three years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2019, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan. For 2018 and 2017, this was three years; prior to 2017, this was four years for the PLD Consolidated Plan.

Differences between Expected and Actual Investment Earnings

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are recognized in pension expense using a straightline amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used for the year ended June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Please refer to the *Actuarial Methods and Assumptions* section for information relating to the use of assumptions.

Changes in Proportion and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions

Differences resulting from a change in proportionate share of contributions and differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions are recognized in pension expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as pension expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Differences between total employer contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions may arise when an employer has a contribution requirement for an employer specific liability/(asset).

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the Plan can be found in the MainePERS' 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report available online at <u>www.mainepers.org</u> or by contacting the System at (207) 512-3100.

NOTE 17 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code Section 457. The plan is available to County employees as part of a collective bargaining agreement and/or County policy. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, financial hardship or unforeseen emergency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 17 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the County's in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred amount for each participant. All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

It is in the opinion of the County's management that the County has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

The plan permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The plan has provisions for employees to borrow or take plan assets. The plan is being maintained by The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) to be held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

Under the plan the County is required to contribute on behalf of each participant a pre-determined percentage determined by contract of the participants' earnings for the plan year or up to 10%. For the twelve months ended June 30, 2022, the County's contributions to the plan totaled \$275,209.

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

MAINE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH TRUST

Plan Description

The County and County retirees contribute to the County's OPEB Plan with the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the County and/or the County retirees. MMEHT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to municipal and quasi-municipal organizations and county governments and acts as the agent to the County concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MMEHT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MMEHT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MMEHT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criterial of paragraph 4

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. MMEHT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by MMEHT at (800) 852-8300.

Benefits Provided

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their surviving spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The Plan also provides an automatic life insurance benefit of \$2,000 to participants which includes a surviving spouse benefit for the same. The employee must meet the minimum requirement of age 55 with at least 5 years of service at retirement to be eligible for the Plan. The retiree must enroll when first eligible and continue coverage without interruption.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At January 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	71
Retirees and spouses	-
Total	71

Contributions

Retiree and spouse premium amounts are funded by the retiree at the rate for the coverage elected by the retiree. Premium rates are those determined by the MMEHT's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage. Retirees and spouses must contribute 100% of the premium amounts. The sponsoring employer pays the remainder of the premium. Medical benefits are provided for the life of the retiree and surviving spouses.

Retiree Premium Amounts

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

Pre-Medicare	Single Coverage	Family Coverage
PPO 2500	\$842.05	\$1,888.86
<u>Medicare</u>		
Medicare-Eligible Retirees	\$600.50	\$1,201.00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the County reported a liability of \$693,400 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$125,675. At June 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	MMEHT					
	Deferr	ed Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
	of F	of Resources		of Resources of Resou		Resources
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	187,119	\$	139,899		
Changes of assumptions		142,289		51,154		
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-		
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		3,647		-		
	ሱ		¢	404.050		
Total	\$	333,055	\$	191,053		

\$3,647 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	MMEHT		
Plan year ended December 31:			
2023	\$	60,906	
2024		60,906	
2025		60,908	
2026		(6,880)	
2027		288	
Thereafter		(37,773)	

Discount Rate

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of the valuation date of January 1, 2022. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.06% per annum for June 30, 2022 was based upon a measurement date of December 30, 2021. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		1.06%	2.06%		3.06%	
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	819,718 -	\$	693,400 -	\$	590,358 -
Net OPEB liability	\$	819,718	\$	693,400	\$	590,358
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	D	1% Decrease	ealthcare and Rates	1% Increase			
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	578,315 -	\$ \$ 693,400 -		840,948 -		
Net OPEB liability	\$	578,315	\$ 693,400	\$	840,948		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

For medical and pharmacy, historical claims and census records were assembled and provided through June 30, 2021. Medicare and non-Medicare eligible medical and prescription experience were analyzed. It was assumed that current enrollment distribution of benefit options would remain constant in the future for retirees. The cost was distributed based on the current covered population and the actuary's standard age curves which vary by age, gender and Medicare status. Children costs are converted to a load on the non-Medicare retirees which implicitly assumes that future retirees will have the same child distribution as current retirees.

Amortization

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. As of January 1, 2021, they are as follows:

Discount Rate - 2.06% per annum for year end 2022 reporting. 2.12% per annum for year end 2021 reporting.

Trend Assumptions:

Medical Trend assumptions were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA model was released in December 2007 and version 2022_fa was used for this valuation. The following assumptions were input into this model:

Variable	<u>Rate</u>
Rate of Inflation	2.40%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capital 2031+	1.10%
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2031+	1.00%
Expected Health Share of GDP 2031	19.00%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	20.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2042

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgements of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group.

The trends selected from 2022 to 2025 were based on plan design, population weighting, renewal projections and market analysis. For the years 2026 to 2030, these are interpolated from 2025 to 2031 (which is the product of the inflation, GDP and extra trend rate assumptions).

Deductibles, Co-payments and Out of Pocket Maximums are assumed to increase at the above trend rates. The ultimate trend rate reflects an assumed nominal per capital GDP growth.

Administrative and claims expense: 3% per annum

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Future plan changes: It is assumed that the current Plan and cost-sharing structure remains in place for all future years.

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans with no explicit employer subsidy (or payment) versus those plans defining an explicit employer subsidy (or payment). The rates are based on assumptions from the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2021.

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims. A constant cost sharing in plan design between employer and employees is assumed.

Family Enrollment Composition - For males, 50% of future retirees under the age of 65 and 50% of current retirees are married and elect spousal coverage while females are at 30% for both. 25% of male and female future retirees over the age of 65 are married and elect spousal coverage.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost.

Disability Incidence - Disabled lives will be considered active employees and will not be valued separately.

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method.

Dates of Hire - Needed to be assumed for some employees and will be based on the average age at hire for similar employees.

Rate of Mortality:

Healthy Annuitant - Based on 112% and 118.5% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits-Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. The proposed rates are projected generationally using the RPEC_2020 model, with an ultimate rate of 1.00% for ages 80 and under, grading down to 0.05% at age 95 and further grading down to 0.00% at age 115, along with convergence to the ultimate rates in the year 2027. All other parameters used in the RPEC_2020 model are those included in the published MP-2020 scale. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Active Employees - Rates of mortality are based on 83.5% and 88.6% of the 2010 Public Plan General Benefits - Weighted Employee Mortality Table, respectively, for males and females. These rates are generationally projected using the same version of the RPEC_2020 model as described in the healthy annuitant mortality. As prescribed by the Trust, mortality rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts at June 30, 2021.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Medicare participant retirees - 100% assumed to continue in the plan elected.

Pre-Medicare plan retirees and active participants - 75% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible.

Pre-Medicare plan spouses and spouses of active participants - 50% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 with the following exceptions:

Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The net difference between expected and actual experience as of January 1, 2022 was \$47,220.

Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local Districts as of June 30, 2021 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2020. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the County's Finance Office at 45 Kennebunk Road, Alfred, Maine 04002.

NOTE 19 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the County either carries commercial insurance or participates in a self-insured risk pool sponsored by the Maine County Commissioners Association. The Maine County Commissioners Association Group Risk Pool is a state-chartered pool established exclusively for Maine municipalities. The pool provides certain property, liability, fidelity and vehicle coverage. If the assets of the pool are at any time actuarially determined to be insufficient to enable the pool to discharge its legal obligations, other obligations and actuarially sound reserves, the pool has the power to make up the deficiency by the levy of a prorated assessment. There have been no deficiencies during the past three years and management believes that no deficiency exists at June 30, 2022.

The County's participation in the public entity risk pool is limited to the Maine Municipal Association - Worker Compensation Trust Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain lower costs for worker's compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County pays an annual premium to the fund for its worker's compensation coverage. The County's agreement with the Fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies' reinsurance contracts, coverage for claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

Based on the coverage provided by the insurance purchased, the County is not aware of any material actual or potential claim liabilities which should be recorded as of June 30, 2022. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

The County participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the County's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

NOTE 21 - JAIL OPERATIONS

During its 2007 Fiscal Year, the State of Maine enacted legislation known as LD 2080 "An Act to Better Coordinate and Reduce the Cost of the Delivery of State and County Correctional Services", located in Public Laws 2007, Chapter 653. This Act has in essence capped what Counties can assess their municipalities for taxes to fund their corrections budgets and will also establish the annual growth limitations for future corrections expenditures. A Board of Overseers at the State of Maine has been appointed to supervise county correction operations. The Act has raised many accounting and auditing issues regarding both financial and budgetary reporting. It is the position of the County that it has addressed, to the best of its ability, these issues in its County annual audit report and the jail annual audit.

During the 2016 fiscal year the State of Maine enacted legislation known as LD 186. This bill repeals the changes that were made by Public Law 2007, chapter 653, eliminating the State Board of Corrections and all of its duties and returns the law to the form it was in prior to jail consolidation. This bill requires that the State continue to provide funding to the counties in the same amount that it did in fiscal year 2014-15.

At the present time, issues such as the funding of accrued benefits; ownership and maintenance of correction assets; external funding of certain corrections operations; corrections capital/reserve funding and ownership and the treatment of net position balances (deficits) have not been specifically addressed in this Act. Any financial and/or other impact on the County and the Jail Department cannot be determined at the time of the issuance of this report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 22 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the County's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 23 - RESTATEMENT

In 2022, the County determined that certain transactions were recorded incorrectly or omitted. Therefore, a restatement to the beginning net position of the governmental activities was necessary. The capital asset and accumulated depreciation balances were restated as of July 1, 2021. The capital assets increased by \$30,068, while accumulated depreciation increased by \$18,241.

The resulting restatements increased the governmental activities beginning net position increased by \$11,827 from \$43,242,073 to \$43,253,900.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 7,491,600	\$ 7,491,600	\$ 7,491,600	\$-
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes - municipalities	18,130,534	18,130,534	18,130,534	
Intergovernmental:				
EMPG 50% EMA reimbursement	251,000	251,000	331,918	80,918
Other intergovernmental revenues	25,000	25,000	1,220,269	1,195,269
	276,000	276,000	1,552,187	1,276,187
Charges for services:				
Administration	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Register of Deeds	2,195,000	2,195,000	3,229,871	1,034,871
Register of Probate	375,000	375,000	601,680	226,680
Sheriff	6,000	6,000	9,355	3,355
	2,626,000	2,626,000	3,890,906	1,264,906
Miscellaneous:				
Interest on investments	100,000	100,000	134,575	34,575
Rent income	30,000	30,000	30,000	-
Other revenues	3,000	3,000	72,921	69,921
	133,000	133,000	237,496	104,496
Transfers from other funds	104,200	104,200	4,200	(100,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	28,761,334	28,761,334	31,306,923	2,545,589

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	,	Variance Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Commissioners/governing body		71,123		71,123		66,034		5,089
Management/administration		1,101,731		1,101,731		1,063,482		38,249
Facilities repair and maintenance		578,860		578,860		505,330		73,530
Treasurer		562		562		594		(32)
District attorney		1,519,133		1,519,133		1,483,082		36,051
Deeds		646,776		646,776		593,021		53,755
Probate		689,177		689,177		607,305		81,872
Sheriff's/police services		3,263,480		3,263,480		3,121,564		141,916
Communications/dispatch		681,354		681,354		668,393		12,961
EMA		687,621		687,621		1,738,590		(1,050,969)
York County juvenile fire prevention		33,664		33,664		30,298		3,366
Retirement benefits		550,876		550,876		529,567		21,309
Medical and dental insurance		970,454		970,454		984,360		(13,906)
Public agencies		128,700		128,700		128,700		-
Unclassified		-		-		32,746		(32,746)
Contingency		-		8,600		8,600		-
Debt service:								
Principal		469,682		469,682		600,000		(130,318)
Interest		24,150		24,150		17,775		6,375
Capital outlay		-		637,677		637,677		-
Transfers to other funds		9,952,391		10,129,858		10,129,858		-
Total Charges to Appropriations		21,369,734		22,193,478		22,946,976		(753,498)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	7,391,600	\$	6,567,856	\$	8,359,947	\$	1,792,091
Paid from assigned/committed fund balance	\$	-	\$	823,744	\$	-	\$	(823,744)
Paid from unassigned fund balance		100,000		100,000		-		(100,000)
	\$	100,000	\$	923,744	\$	-	\$	(923,744)
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	8,359,947		

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>PLD Plan:</u>									
Proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) Proportionate share of the net pension	0.90%	0.90%	1.01%	1.10%	1.04%	1.10%	1.05%	1.07%	1.11%
liability/(asset)	\$ (289,193)	\$ 3,558,685	\$ 3,098,584	\$ 3,006,650	\$ 4,266,199	\$ 5,834,824	\$ 3,339,494	\$ 1,641,101	\$ 3,431,160
Covered payroll	\$ 5,198,675	\$ 4,937,321	\$ 5,319,825	\$ 5,440,470	\$ 4,996,958	\$ 4,895,906	\$ 4,437,860	\$ 3,747,793	\$-
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its									
covered payroll	-5.56%	72.08%	58.25%	55.26%	85.38%	119.18%	75.25%	43.79%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability/(asset)	100.86%	88.35%	90.62%	91.14%	86.43%	86.40%	81.61%	88.30%	94.10%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021 2020		2019	2018	2018 2017		2015	2014
<u>PLD Plan:</u>									
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 671,062	\$ 615,679	\$ 578,568	\$ 620,116	\$ 609,865	\$ 534,054	\$ 515,304	\$ 427,858	\$ 371,853
contractually required contribution	(671,062)	(615,679)	(578,568)	(620,116)	(609,865)	(534,054)	(515,304)	(427,858)	(371,853)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 5,758,715	\$ 5,198,675	\$ 4,937,321	\$ 5,319,825	\$ 5,440,470	\$ 4,996,958	\$ 4,895,906	\$ 4,437,860	\$ 3,747,793
covered payroll	11.65%	11.84%	11.72%	11.66%	11.21%	10.69%	10.53%	9.64%	9.92%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Increase (Decrease)										
		et OPEB Liability (a)	Fic	Plan duciary Position (b)		et OPEB Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances at 1/1/21 (Reporting December 31, 2021)	\$	806,201	\$	-	\$	806,201					
Changes for the year:											
Service cost		50,489		-		50,489					
Interest		18,111		-		18,111					
Changes of benefits		-		-		-					
Differences between expected and actual experience		(150,923)		-		(150,923)					
Changes of assumptions		(25,693)		-		(25,693)					
Contributions - employer		-		4,785		(4,785)					
Contributions - member		-		-		-					
Net investment income		-		-		-					
Benefit payments		(4,785)		(4,785)		-					
Administrative expense		-		-		-					
Net changes		(112,801)		-		(112,801)					
Balances at 1/1/22 (Reporting December 31, 2022)	\$	693,400	\$	-	\$	693,400					

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

		2022	2021		2020		2019			2018
<u>Total OPEB liability</u> Service cost (BOY) Interest (includes interest on service cost) Changes of benefit terms		50,489 18,111 -		43,690 20,201 -		28,960 22,988 (13,886)		32,281 19,706		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(150,923) (25,693) (4,785)		- 51,055 (4,601)		(12,545) 140,416 (3,569)		- (57,345) (3,432)		498,984 43,298 -
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(112,801)	\$	110,345	\$	162,364	\$	(8,790)	\$	542,282
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ \$	806,201 693,400	\$ \$	695,856 806,201	\$ \$	533,492 695,856	\$ \$	542,282 533,492	\$ \$	- 542,282
<u>Plan fiduciary net position</u> Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense		4,785 - - (4,785)		4,601 - - (4,601)		3,569 - - (3,569)		3,432 (3,432)		- - -
Net change in fiduciary net position		-		-	_	-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	693,400	\$	806,201	\$	695,856	\$	533,492	\$	542,282
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	4,483,526 15.5%	\$	4,899,168 16.5%	\$	4,899,168 14.2%	\$	4,262,906 12.5%	\$ 4	4,262,906 12.7%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

MMEHT:		2022		2021		2020		2019)18
Employer contributions Benefit payments Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	4,785 (4,785)	\$	4,601 (4,601) -	\$	3,569 (3,569) -	\$	3,432 (3,432)	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	4,483,526	\$	4,899,168	\$	4,899,168	• \$ 4	,262,906	\$ 4,2	62,906
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Changes of Assumptions

MEPERS PLD Plan:

The discount rate was reduced from 6.75% to 6.50%.

The investment rate of return changed from 6.75% to 6.50%.

In addition, the salary increases for the plan increased from 2.75% to 2.75% - 11.48% per year.

MMEHT OPEB Plan:

The discount rate was updated to reflect the December 30, 2021 Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The ultimate trend assumption was reduced to reflect the reduction in the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

The following demographic assumptions were updated based on the June 30, 2021 experience study:

Mortality, termination, retirement and salary rates.

The enrollment participation for plans with no employer subsidy was update for ages 65-70.

There was a change in the discount rate from 2.12% to 2.06% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. In addition, medical and prescription drug trend arrays were updated.

Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive/(Negative)
Commissioners/Governing Body					
Wages	\$ 59,866	\$-	\$ 59,866	\$ 61,138	\$ (1,272)
Taxes/benefits	4,557	-	4,557	4,585	(28)
Travel	6,000	-	6,000	56	5,944
Other	700	-	700	255	445
	71,123	-	71,123	66,034	5,089
Management/Administration					
Wages	807,295	-	807,295	779,553	27,742
Taxes/benefits	71,586	-	71,586	67,539	4,047
Legal	80,000	-	80,000	44,105	35,895
Contracted services	20,000	-	20,000	32,447	(12,447)
Dues and memberships	18,000	-	18,000	18,313	(313)
Equipment	49,000	-	49,000	71,960	(22,960)
Postage/office supplies	9,500	-	9,500	9,699	(199)
Telephone	13,000	-	13,000	15,280	(2,280)
Insurance	3,600	-	3,600	3,588	12
Other	29,750		29,750	20,998	8,752
	1,101,731		1,101,731	1,063,482	38,249
Facilities Repair and Maintenance					
Wages	243,835	-	243,835	237,461	6,374
Taxes/benefits	34,925	-	34,925	29,096	5,829
Electricity	80,000	-	80,000	62,530	17,470
Property and casualty	23,800	-	23,800	23,033	767
Electrical repairs	18,000	-	18,000	4,100	13,900
Heating repairs	30,000	-	30,000	22,078	7,922
Plumbing repairs	10,000	-	10,000	8,642	1,358
Plowing/sanding/mowing	38,500	-	38,500	35,421	3,079
Contracted services	20,000	-	20,000	25,900	(5,900)
Cleaning supplies	7,000	-	7,000	5,240	1,760
Propane/heating fuel	12,800	-	12,800	18,608	(5,808)
General repairs	10,500	-	10,500	8,163	2,337
Major and minor equipment	22,000	-	22,000	6,942	15,058
Other	27,500		27,500	18,116	9,384
	578,860		578,860	505,330	73,530

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	Variance
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	Positive/(Negative)
Treasurer					
Wages	518	-	518	550	(32)
Taxes/benefits	44	-	44	44	-
	562		562	594	(32)
District Attorney					
Wages	1,151,869	-	1,151,869	1,166,480	(14,611)
Taxes/benefits	102,564	-	102,564	105,196	(2,632)
General repairs/maintenance	65,000	-	65,000	61,123	3,877
Telephone	39,000	-	39,000	50,749	(11,749)
Travel	40,500	-	40,500	12,044	28,456
Contracted services	18,000	-	18,000	8,800	9,200
Office supplies	29,000	-	29,000	27,880	1,120
Equipment	17,700	-	17,700	16,292	1,408
Witness fees	6,500	-	6,500	2,635	3,865
Postage	12,500	-	12,500	11,034	1,466
Other	36,500	-	36,500	20,849	15,651
	1,519,133		1,519,133	1,483,082	36,051
Deeds					
Wages	480,404	-	480,404	450,954	29,450
Taxes/benefits	43,772	-	43,772	40,158	3,614
Records management	83,000	-	83,000	81,600	1,400
Postage	7,000	-	7,000	4,998	2,002
Office supplies	7,000	-	7,000	2,944	4,056
Equipment	13,000	-	13,000	2,711	10,289
Telephone	6,000	-	6,000	6,671	(671)
Insurance	2,900	-	2,900	2,835	65
Travel	3,200	-	3,200	-	3,200
Other	500		500	150	350
	646,776	-	646,776	593,021	53,755

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive/(Negative)
Probate	Buugot	rajaotinonio	Budgot		
Wages	472,570	-	472,570	465,681	6,889
Taxes/benefits	43,132	-	43,132	43,218	(86)
Professional fees	84,000	-	84,000	25,406	58,594
Advertising	40,000	-	40,000	26,181	13,819
Postage	20,000	-	20,000	19,657	343
Equipment	10,500	-	10,500	9,971	529
Telephone	5,000	-	5,000	6,065	(1,065)
Other	13,975	-	13,975	11,126	2,849
	689,177		689,177	607,305	81,872
Sheriff's/Police Services					
Wages	2,259,407	-	2,259,407	1,985,779	273,628
Taxes/benefits	328,673	-	328,673	260,200	68,473
Gas and oil	80,000	-	80,000	92,474	(12,474)
Insurances	66,700	-	66,700	46,936	19,764
Telephone	37,000	-	37,000	62,034	(25,034)
Vehicle repair	44,000	-	44,000	72,797	(28,797)
Uniforms/safety equipment	29,000	-	29,000	113,355	(84,355)
Equipment	294,000	-	294,000	285,643	8,357
Professional services	20,000	-	20,000	29,770	(9,770)
Software	16,500	-	16,500	39,424	(22,924)
Training	25,200	-	25,200	77,419	(52,219)
Minor equipment	25,900	-	25,900	25,145	755
Other	37,100	-	37,100	30,588	6,512
	3,263,480		3,263,480	3,121,564	141,916
Communications/Dispatch					
Sanford contract	636,454	-	636,454	641,520	(5,066)
Contracted services	27,500	-	27,500	26,873	627
Other	17,400	-	17,400	-	17,400
	681,354	-	681,354	668,393	12,961

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	Variance
EMA Department	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	Positive/(Negative)
Wages	455,554		455,554	1,385,109	(929,555)
Taxes/benefits	43,342	-	43,342	148,870	(105,528)
Rental of land	35,000	-	35,000	30,000	(103,328) 5,000
Contracted services	20,000	-	20,000	4,104	15,896
Insurances	12,000	-	12,000	9,551	2,449
Rental of other equipment	7,500	-	7,500	6.000	2,449
Telephone	23,000	-	23,000	29,171	(6,171)
Office/other supplies	10,700	-	10,700	9,454	(0,171)
Internet services	10,700	-	10,700	9,454 4,204	5,796
	7,000	-	7,000	4,204 641	,
Meals and lodging	,	-	,		6,359
Travel	11,000	-	11,000	1,577	9,423
Vehicle repair	8,000	-	8,000	23,972	(15,972)
Equipment	13,875	-	13,875	16,636	(2,761)
Repairs and maintenance	8,500	-	8,500	4,973	3,527
Other	22,150		22,150	64,328	(42,178)
	687,621	<u> </u>	687,621	1,738,590	(1,050,969)
York County Juvenile Fire					
Wages	29,960	-	29,960	24,983	4,977
Taxes/benefits/other	3,704	_	3,704	5,315	(1,611)
	33,664		33,664	30,298	3,366
Retirement Benefits					
	404 074		404 074	140.000	24 200
ICMA 457 deferred comp Maine State retirement	181,371	-	181,371	146,983	34,388
Maine State retirement	369,505		369,505	382,584	(13,079)
	550,876		550,876	529,567	21,309
Medical/Dental Insurance					
Health insurance	907,517	-	907,517	778,265	129,252
Dental insurance	62,937	-	62,937	57,188	5,749
HRA costs				148,907	(148,907)
	970,454		970,454	984,360	(13,906)

COUNTY OF YORK, MAINE

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original	Budget	Final	Actual	Variance
	Budget	Adjustments	Budget	Expenditures	Positive/(Negative)
Public Agencies					
Southern Maine Planning	37,000	-	37,000	37,000	-
York County Soil	7,200	-	7,200	7,200	-
York County Extension	84,500		84,500	84,500	
	128,700		128,700	128,700	
Unclassified					
Covid 19 related	-	-	-	32,746	(32,746)
	-	-	-	32,746	(32,746)
Debt Service					<u> </u>
Principal	469,682	-	469,682	600,000	(130,318)
Interest	24,150	-	24,150	17,775	6,375
	493,832	-	493,832	617,775	(123,943)
Capital Outlay					
Major capital projects	-	68,347	68,347	68,347	-
Technology upgrades	-	9,377	9,377	9,377	-
Other reserve activity	-	559,953	559,953	559,953	-
		637,677	637,677	637,677	
Contingency	-	8,600	8,600	8,600	-
0,		8,600	8,600	8,600	-
Transfers				·	
Jail	8,994,591	-	8,994,591	8,994,591	-
Layman's Way	957,800	-	957,800	957,800	-
Special revenues	-	177,467	177,467	177,467	-
·	9,952,391	177,467	10,129,858	10,129,858	-
Total Departmental Operations	\$ 21,369,734	\$ 823,744	\$ 22,193,478	\$ 22,946,976	\$ (753,498)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		7/1/21	7/1/21 Revenues				6/30/22	
		Fund	Charges					Fund
	Fund	Balance	for Services	Intergovernmental	Other	Expenditures	Transfers	Balance
District Attorney:								
Victim of crimes act	2110	\$ (35,329)	-	-	-	-	35,329	\$-
Admin/supervision	2120	259, 190	86,255	-	-	37,126	-	308,319
Probate:								
Probate preservation	2310	28,731	6,910	-	125	19,272	-	16,494
Sheriff:								
Civil process	2500	(29,663)	267,904	-	-	336,120	97,879	-
RSU 57 resource officer	2510	-	-	98,635	-	98,635	-	-
Parsonsfield contract officer	2512	-	-	80,041	-	80,041	-	-
Arundel contract officer	2514	-	-	161,906	-	161,906	-	-
Waterboro contract officer	2516	-	-	181,403	-	181,403	-	-
Limington contract officer	2517	-	-	47,142	-	47,142	-	-
Reimbursable Sheriff services	2520	(29,969)	-	20,188	-	27,159	36,940	-
Jag Byrne grant LLBEG	2525	10,545	-	-	-	8,218	-	2,327
Acton/Shapleigh contract officer	2539	-	-	64,232	-	64,232	-	-
Ride team program	2543	(829)	-	1,034	-	1,034	829	-
Distracted driving	2544	-	-	4,153	-	3,703	-	450
US Gov't Agency Assist.	2546	(10,477)	-	8,756	-	4,754	6,475	-
Impaired driving grant	2552	-	-	2,438	-	2,453	15	-
Speed enforcement program	2554	186	-	7,699	-	7,733	-	152
DV investigator	2556	-	-	13,931	-	13,931	-	-
NAMI peer group	2559	-	-	41,565	-	42,015	-	(450)
K9 grant - Stanton Foundation	2565	-	-	32,000	-	29,094	-	2,906
YCSO state forfeiture	2593	(1,388)	-	-	1	-	-	(1,387)
YCSO federal forfeiture	2596	47,267	-	-	87	-	-	47,354
YCSO property	2597	1,981	-	-	25,217	-	-	27,198
Jail:								
State criminal alien assist	2630	61,561	-	-	-	-	-	61,561
EMA:								
York county operations	2710	56,225	-	-	-	2,275	-	53,950
Hazmat professional development	2715	8,458	-	5,480	-	13,938	-	-
FY '15 HSGP	2720	224	-	42,276	-	-	-	42,500
Homeland security grants	2723	(142,944)	-	265,037	-	74,049	-	48,044
Local emergency planning com	2750	18,885	-	41,685	-	41,685	-	18,885
Subscription/Code Red	2755	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vaccine center	2765	8,271	-	1,583,195	-	1,602,618	-	(11,152)
OJP grant	2775	-	-	33	-	-	-	33
YC fire admin	2778	(72)	-	-	31,654	16,495	-	15,087
Seabrook stipend	2780	26,921	-	-	-	-	-	26,921
Cart donation	2790	169	-	-	-	-	-	169
Total Special Revenue General Reserves		\$ 277,943	\$ 361,069	\$ 2,702,829	\$ 57,084	\$ 2,917,031	\$ 177,467	\$ 659,361

Federal Compliance

Federal compliance includes financial information and reports that are required in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and/or the Uniform Guidance in accordance with 2 CFR § 515. Such financial information and reports include:

- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*
- Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance of Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
- Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal AL Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
			Oubrecipients
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Direct Program: Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	\$ 42,015	\$-
Passed through Town of Old Orchard Beach Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assitance Grant Program	16.738	8,218	
Passed through Caring Unlimited Rural Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault	10 500	10.001	
and Stalking Assistance Program	16.589	13,931	
Total U.S. Department of Justice		64,164	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Passed through State of Maine Department of Transportation: State and Community Highway Safety Highway Safety Cluster:	20.600	7,733	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	3,703	-
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2,453	-
Passed through Town of York: Highway Safety Cluster:			
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	1,034	-
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster		7,190	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		14,923	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Direct Program			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	2,345,610	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		2,345,610	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through State of Maine Department of Health and			
Human Services:			
Opioid STR	93.788	68,974	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		68,974	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Passed through Federal Emergency Management Agency and Maine Emergency Management Agency in the Department			
of Defense and Veteran's Services:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	1,602,618	-
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	<u>386,446</u> 1,989,064	<u> </u>
	07.040		
Emergency Management Performance Grants Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042 97.042	251,000 133,940	-
Energency management renormance Grants	31.042	384,940	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	74,049	_
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		2,448,053	
Total Federal Assistance		\$ 4,941,725	\$-
		÷ .,	7

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of York, Maine under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of York, Maine, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the County of York, Maine.

- 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
 - a. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
 - b. The County of York, Maine has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Commissioners County of York Alfred, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of York, Maine, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of York, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of York, Maine's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of York, Maine's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these

limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of York, Maine's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the County of York, Maine in a separate letter dated February 16, 2023.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine March 28, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners County of York Alfred, Maine

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of York, Maine's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of York, Maine's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The County of York, Maine's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to each of its major federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of York, Maine's major federal programs based on our audit of the type of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of York, Maine's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

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We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of York, Maine's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of York, Maine, complied in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of York, Maine is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of York, Maine internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of York, Maine's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirements of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine March 28, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

• Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting	:				
 Material weakness(es) identified Significant deficiency(ies) identi Noncompliance material to final 	fied?	yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no			
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
 Material weakness(es) identified Significant deficiency(ies) identified 		yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no			
Type of auditor's report issued on com	pliance for major programs:	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are re in accordance with §200.516 of Unifo		yes <u>X</u> no			
Identification of major programs:					
	ederal Program or Cluster s State and Local Fiscal Rec	overy Funds			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	tween type A and B:	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes <u>X</u> no			
Section II - Fina	ancial Statement Findings				
None					
Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs					

None